

# CS 3300 Intro to Software Engineering

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Founder of Filio, a visual asset management platform through Create-X

#### Refer to:

# Class Website

For anything (updates, lectures, logistics, and so on) related to this class

https://mahdi-roozbahani.github.io/CS3300-spring2020/

# SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

## Introductory remarks

- Introductions
- Course overview and structure
- Requirements
- Class organization
- Software engineering intro
- Information about projects
- Assignments

#### Introductions

- Industrial experience
- Languages, IDEs, OSs, ...
- How important is your background and experience?
- How many will/can bring a laptop to class?

### Before we start, what is a...

#### Algorithm

a set of steps or procedure for solving a recurrent problem

#### **Error**

a human mistake made during the construction of a system

#### **Fault**

the manifestation of an error in a process deliverable; a flaw

#### **Defect**

synonym for fault

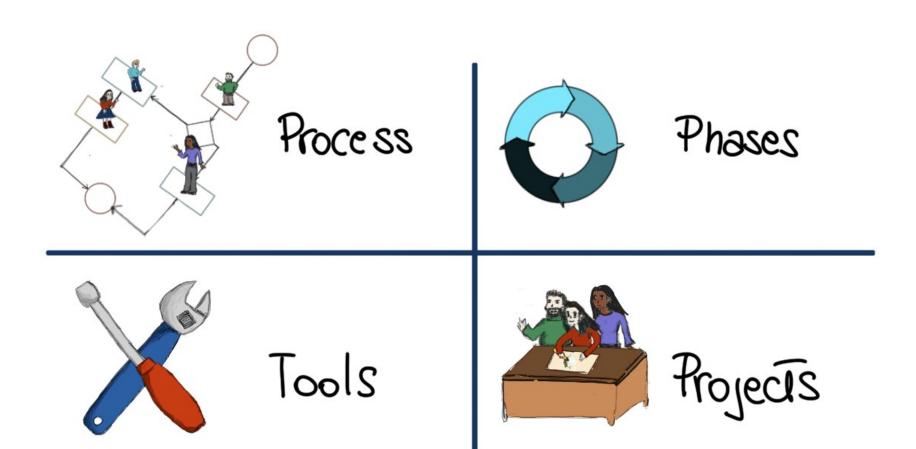
#### Bug

synonym for fault, usually referring to faults in code

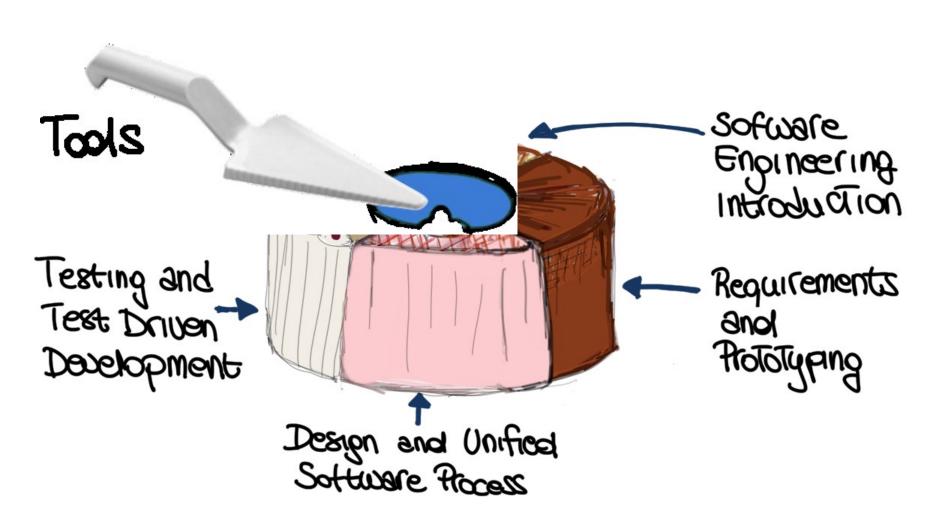
#### **Failure**

a program execution that results in incorrect behavior, such as incorrect results or failure to terminate

#### **Course Overview**



#### **Course Structure**



## REQUIREMENTS



Install Tools



Teamwork



Readings





Online submission

## **Class organization**

- Website and Canvas
- Piazza
- Attendance is required
- Lectures
- Online lectures (possibly...)
- In-class exercises
- Team work
- Tool/technology days
- Invited lectures
- Discussion, discussion, discussion

# An Introduction to Software Engineering

# WHAT IS SOFTWARE ENGINEERING? WHY DO WE NEED IT?

#### What is the difference between SE and CS?

CS is concerned with theory and fundamentals; SE is concerned with the practicalities of developing and delivering useful software

# WHAT IS SOFTWARE ENGINEERING? WHY DO WE NEED IT?



What is this?

- [] 4th of July freworks
- [] Flare gun in action
- [] Explosion of Arianes
  rooket due to Software
  errors

Why is it so hard to build good sofware?

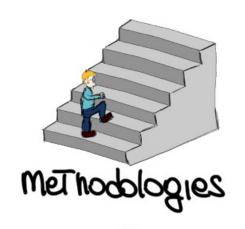
Crash!

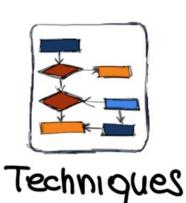


### What are the attributes of a good SW?

- The software should deliver the required functionality and performance to the user and should have several qualities:
- Maintainability
  - Software must be evolvable to meet changing needs
- Dependability
  - Software must be trustworthy (reliability, security, and safety)
- Reliability
  - Software must behave as expected under all circumstances
- Other -ilities

## DISCIPLINE OF SOFWARE ENGINEERING













High Quality sofware that works and Fits Budget

# THE 60'S



Men on the Moor.

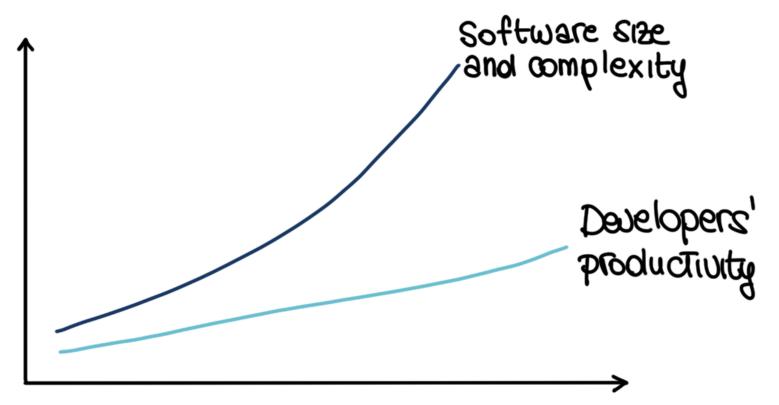




## Increasing product complexity

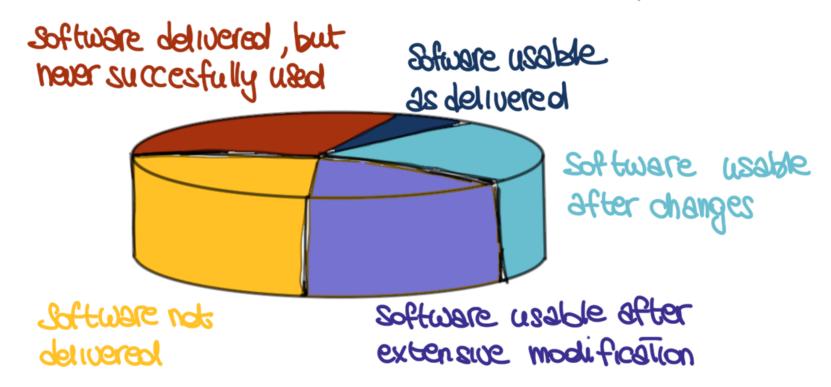
SIRE	EXAMPLE	
102 roc	CIBSS exercise	7
201 EQN	Small project	Programming effort
104 LOC	Term project	
105 LOC	word processor	7
106 LOC	Operating system	sofware engineering
102 TOC	Distributed system	
•••	• • •	

## DEVELOPER'S PRODUCTIVITY GROW



#### STUDY OF 9 SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT CONTRACTS

(099k, 21/06d)





#### **SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

Report on a conference sponsored by the

NATO SCIENCE COMMITTEE

Garmisch, Germany, 7th to 11th October 1968

Chairman: Professor Dr. F. L. Bauer

Co-chairmen: Professor L. Bolliet, Dr. H. J. Helms

Editors: Peter Naur and Brian Randell

January 1969

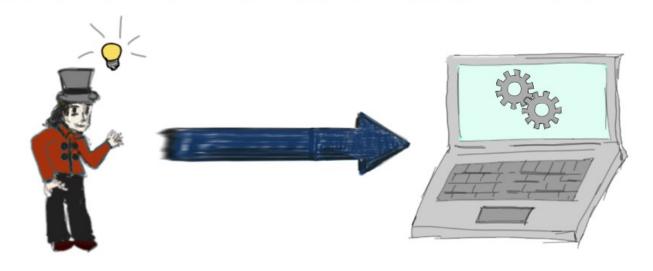
## Software importance today

- More and more systems are software controlled
- The economies of ALL developed nations are dependent on software
- Expenditure on software represents a significant fraction of GNP in all developed countries

#### What are common causes of SW failures?

- No standard procedures for development
- Inadequate understanding of requirements
- Sheer complexity of software (e.g., concurrency, distribution)
- Size of project (too large for a single manager)
- Difficult to match technical knowledge of staff with project needs
- Poor design/implementation/testing methodology
- Requirements change during project
- Poor documentation
- Force fitting software components to applications
- Changing/reusing code without understanding it
- Poor management: lack of communication, poor cost/schedule estimates
- Unrealistic expectations
- Lack of measurement
- Lack of teamwork
- Performance differences among staff
- •

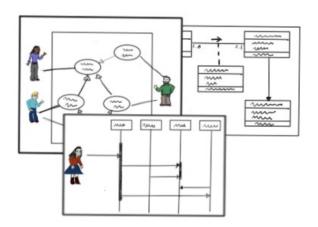
## SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT



## SOFTWARE PROCESS









## Some questions

- What is the largest software system on which you have worked?
- How many LOCs/day were you producing?
- How many LOCs/day professional software engineers produce?
  - < 25? 25-50? 50-100? 100-1000? > 1000?
- But what are they doing with the rest of their time?
- How do large systems get built?
- What process should be followed?
  - No one size fits all
  - We'll see several

## SOFTWARE PHASES







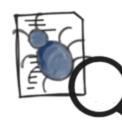


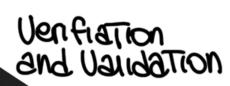
Design

Implementation



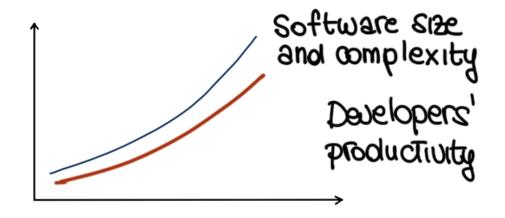






Main Tenance:

### TOOLS OF THE TRADE



Development: punch cards => IDEs

Languages: machine code => High-level languages

Debugging: print statements => Symbolic debuggers

### TOOLS OF THE TRADE



IDE



**VCS** 



Coverage and verification Tools

#### Two projects:

Project 1: WEB-APP using Google Cloud Computing. All teams will do a same project

Project 2: You will choose the project. It can be web- and mobile-app.

### In summary...

- SE important/critical discipline
  - Concerned with cost-effective software development (all aspects!)
  - Based on a systematic approach that uses appropriate tools and techniques, follows a process, and operates under specific development constraints
- Goal of SE is to deliver high-quality products that provide the expected functionality, meet projected time estimates, and have a reasonable cost

### In summary...

- SE im
  - Con deve
  - Bas appi proc cons
- Goal of that project reason

